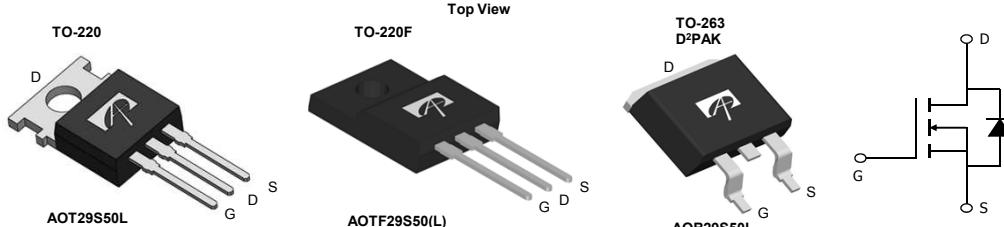


**General Description**

The AOT29S50L & AOB29S50L & AOTF29S50L & AOTF29S50 have been fabricated using the advanced  $\alpha$ MOS™ high voltage process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in switching applications. By providing low  $R_{DS(on)}$ ,  $Q_g$  and  $E_{OSS}$  along with guaranteed avalanche capability these parts can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

**Product Summary**

$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	600V
$I_{DM}$	120A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	0.15Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	26.6nC
$E_{OSS} @ 400V$	6.3μJ

 100% UIS Tested  
 100%  $R_g$  Tested

**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	AOT29S50L/AOB29S50L	AOTF29S50	AOTF29S50L	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	500			V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$		$\pm 30$		V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$ <small><math>T_C=25^\circ\text{C}</math></small>	29	29*	29*	A
	$I_D$ <small><math>T_C=100^\circ\text{C}</math></small>	18	18*	18*	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	120			
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	7.5			A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	110			mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>G</sup>	$E_{AS}$	608			mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$ <small><math>T_C=25^\circ\text{C}</math></small>	357	50	37.9	W
	$P_D$ <small>Derate above <math>25^\circ\text{C}</math></small>	2.9	0.4	0.3	W/°C
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100			V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt <sup>H</sup>		20			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150			°C
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds <sup>J</sup>	$T_L$	300			°C
<b>Thermal Characteristics</b>					
Parameter	Symbol	AOT29S50L/AOB29S50L	AOTF29S50	AOTF29S50L	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	65	65	65	°C/W
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta CS}$	0.5	--	--	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.35	2.5	3.3	°C/W

\* Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.

### Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	500	-	-	V
		$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$	550	600	-	
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=500\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=400\text{V}, T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	10	-	
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 30\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	2.6	3.3	3.9	V
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=14.5\text{A}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.13	0.15	$\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=14.5\text{A}, T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.34	0.4	$\Omega$
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=14.5\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.85	-	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current		-	-	29	A
$I_{\text{SM}}$	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current		-	-	120	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	1312	-	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance		-	88	-	pF
$C_{o(\text{er})}$	Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>H</sup>	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0 \text{ to } 400\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	78	-	pF
$C_{o(\text{tr})}$	Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>I</sup>		-	227	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	2.5	-	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	4.8	-	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}, I_D=14.5\text{A}$	-	26.6	-	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge		-	6.2	-	nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge		-	9.2	-	nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}, I_D=14.5\text{A}, R_G=25\Omega$	-	28	-	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time		-	39	-	ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime		-	103	-	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time		-	40	-	ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=14.5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}$	-	387	-	ns
$I_{\text{rm}}$	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$I_F=14.5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}$	-	29.6	-	A
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=14.5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=400\text{V}$	-	7.3	-	$\mu\text{C}$

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\text{\mu s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G.  $L=60\text{mH}, I_{AS}=4.5\text{A}, V_{DD}=150\text{V}$ , Starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$

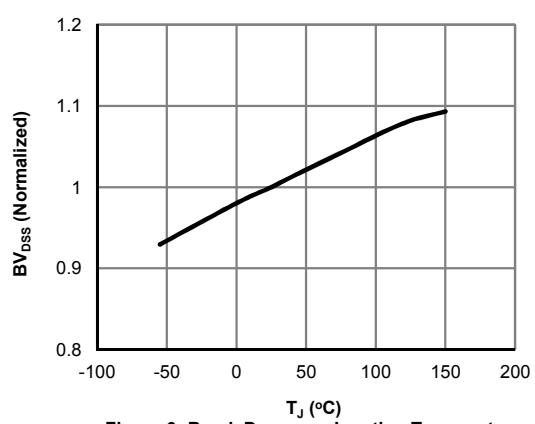
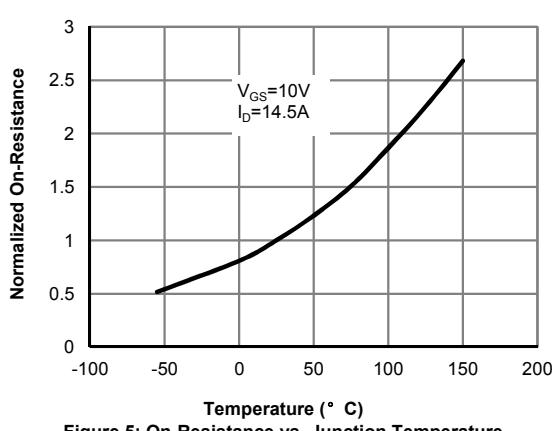
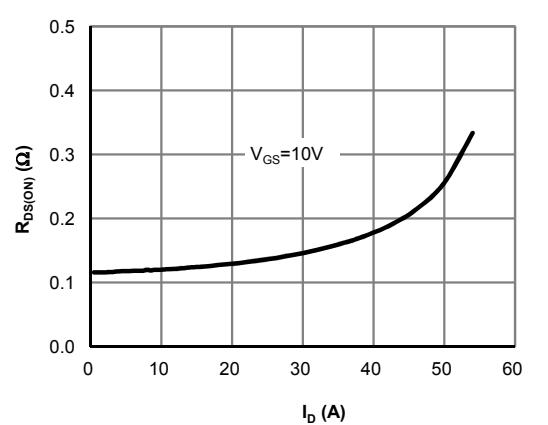
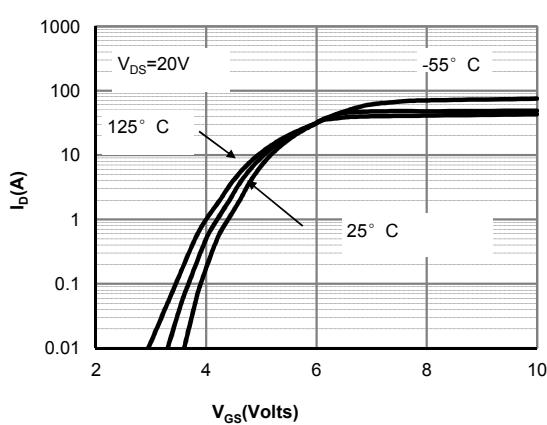
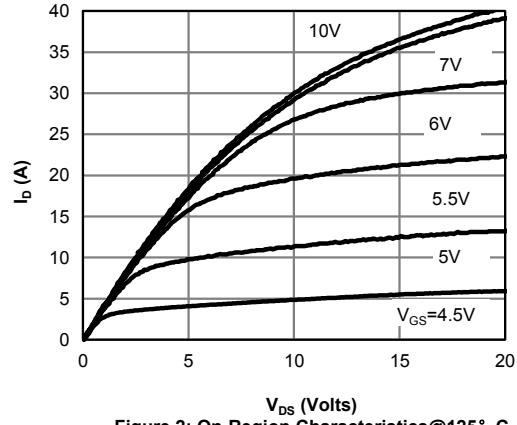
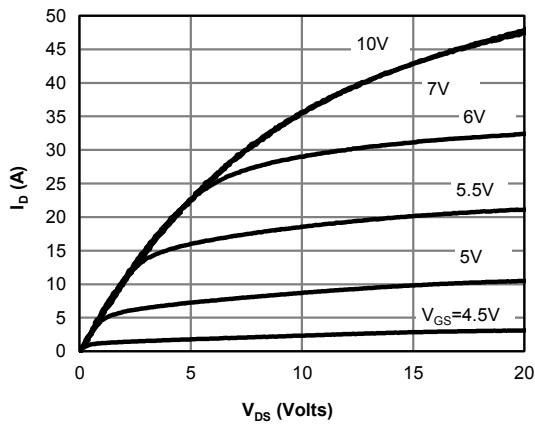
H.  $C_{o(\text{en})}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(\text{BR})DSS}$ .

I.  $C_{o(\text{tr})}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(\text{BR})DSS}$ .

J. Wavesoldering only allowed at leads.

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## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



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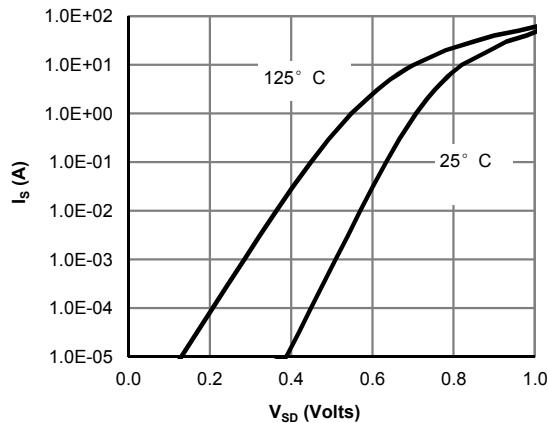


Figure 7: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

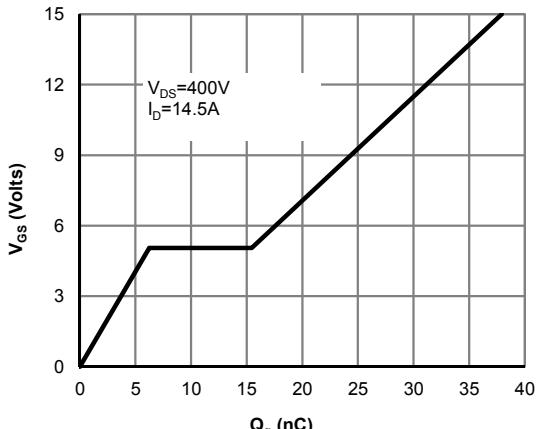


Figure 8: Gate-Charge Characteristics

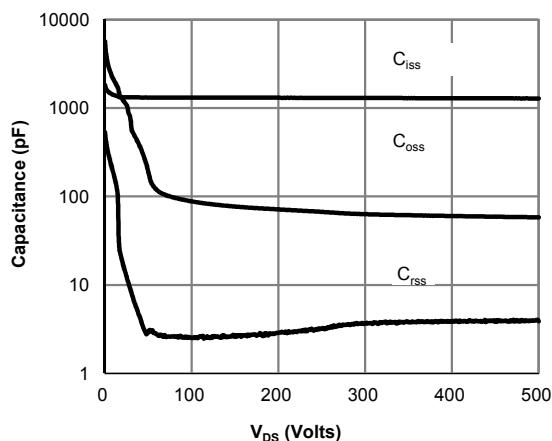


Figure 9: Capacitance Characteristics

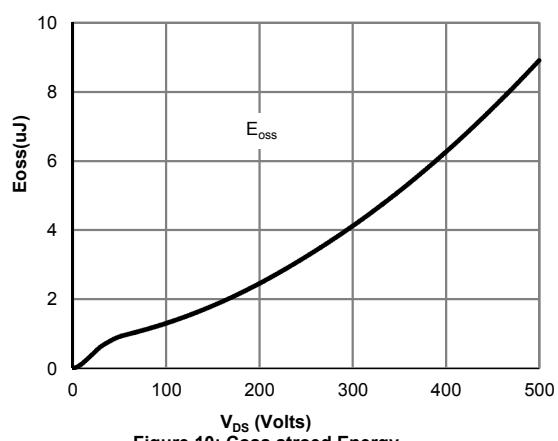


Figure 10: Coss stroed Energy

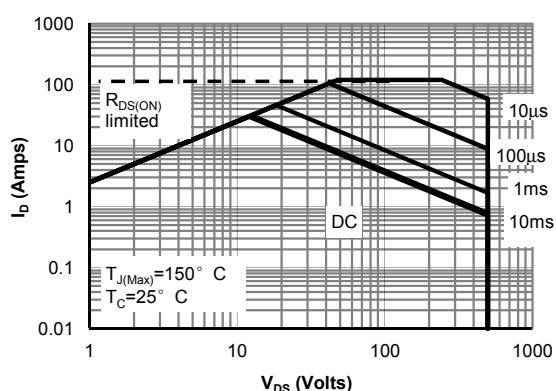


Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOT(B)29S50L (Note F)

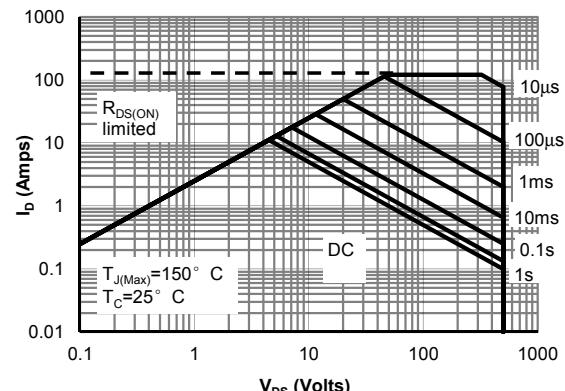
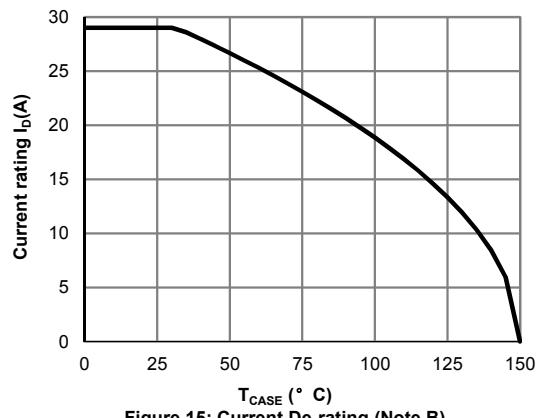
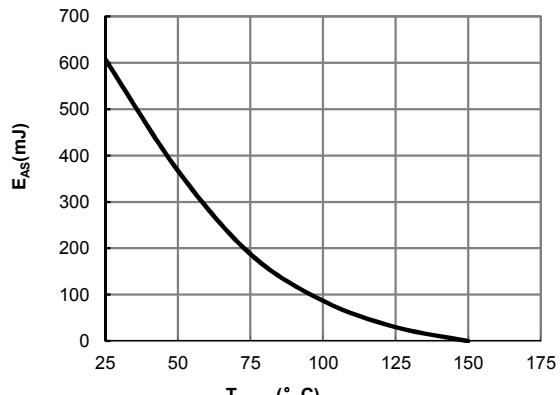
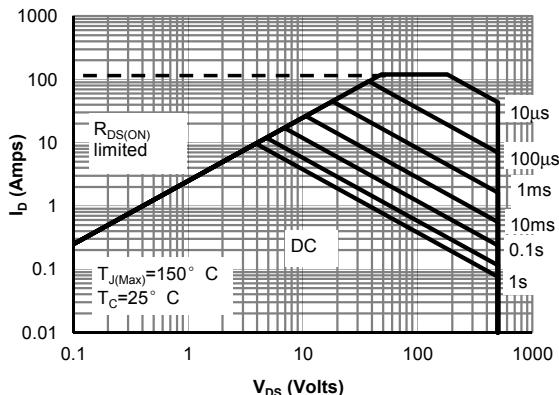


Figure 12: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTF29S50 (Note F)

## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

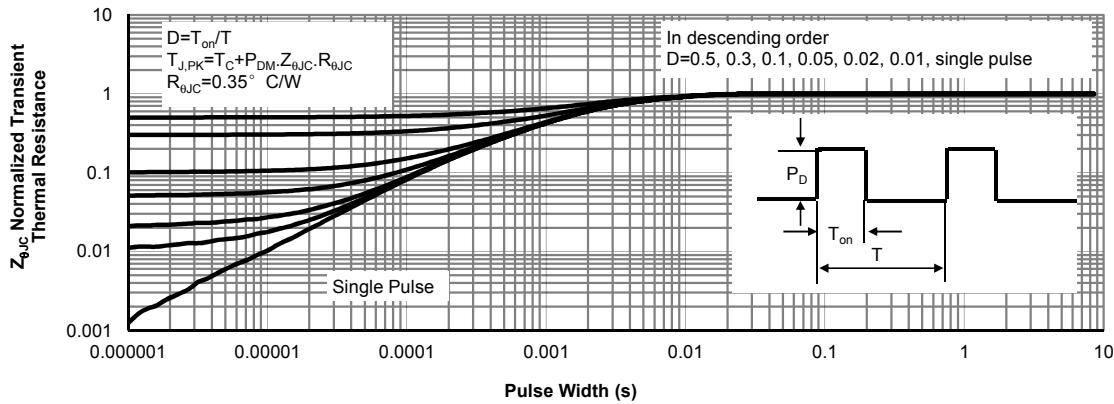


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOT(B)29S50L (Note F)

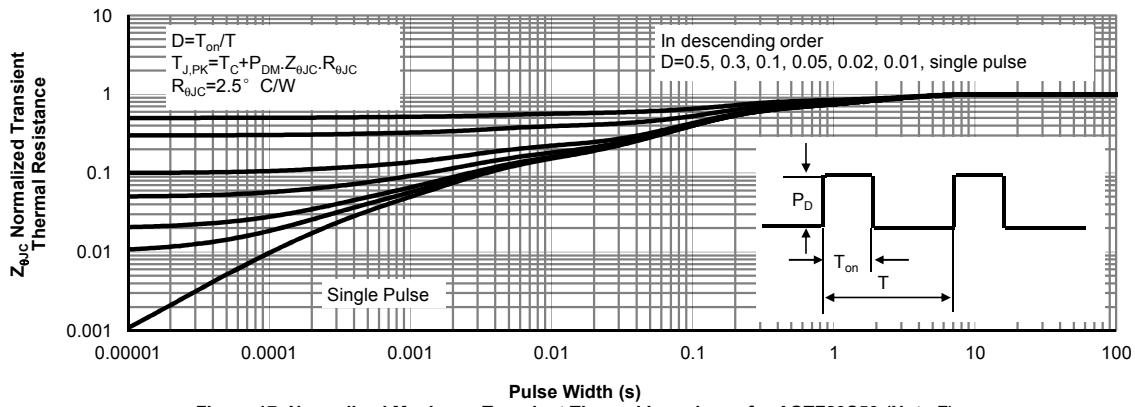


Figure 17: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF29S50 (Note F)

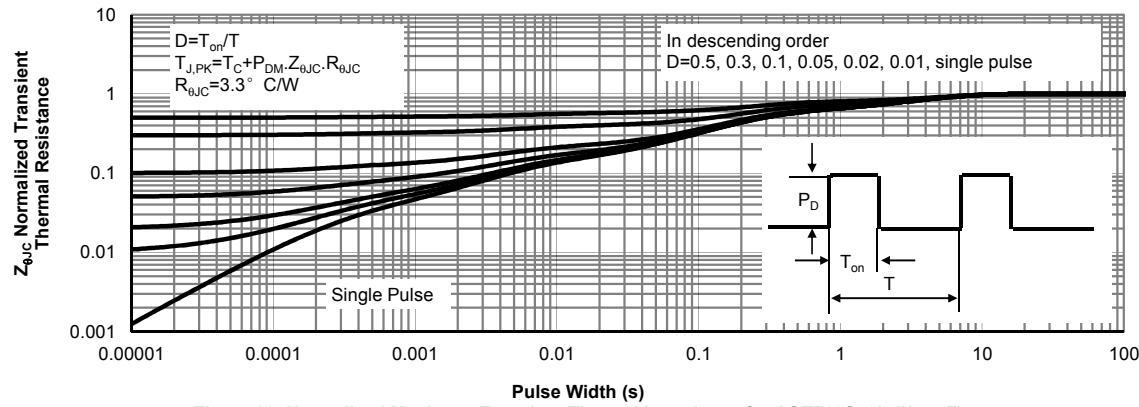
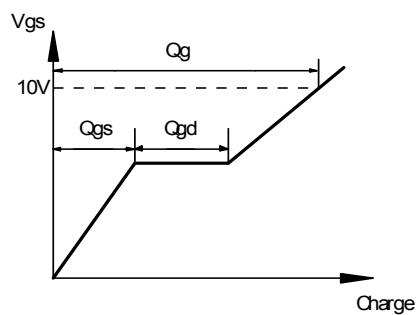
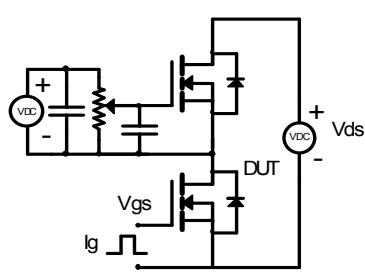
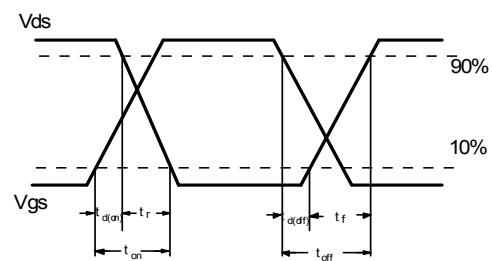
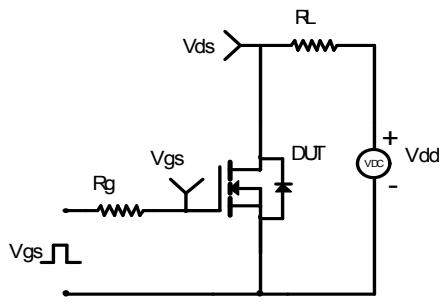


Figure 18: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF29S50L (Note F)

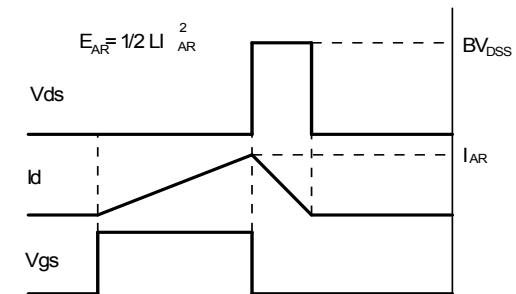
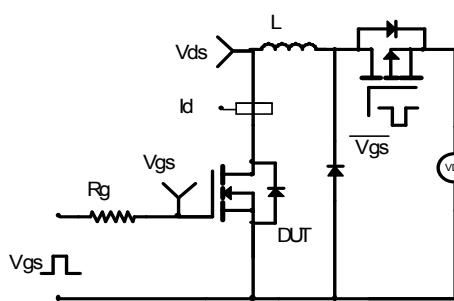
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

